

**CrossingBridge Low Duration High Income Fund  
CrossingBridge Ultra-Short Duration Fund  
CrossingBridge Responsible Credit Fund  
CrossingBridge Nordic High Income Bond Fund  
RiverPark Strategic Income Fund  
(together, the “Funds”)  
Each, a series of Trust for Professional Managers**

**Supplement dated May 22, 2025 to the  
Summary Prospectus and Prospectus dated January 28, 2025**

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Effective June 2, 2025, the mailing address for the Funds has changed. Going forward, please send written requests to obtain Fund documentation, or to purchase, redeem, or exchange shares of the Funds to:

**Regular Mail:**

***CrossingBridge Funds***

c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
PO Box 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64121-9252

**Overnight or Express Mail:**

***CrossingBridge Funds***

c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services  
801 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 219252  
Kansas City, MO 64105-1307

**Please retain this supplement with your Summary Prospectus and Prospectus.**



**Trading Symbol:**  
**Institutional Class Shares (RSIIX)**  
**Retail Class Shares (RSIVX)**

**Summary Prospectus**  
**January 28, 2025**  
**[www.crossingbridgefunds.com](http://www.crossingbridgefunds.com)**

Before you invest, you may want to review the RiverPark Strategic Income Fund's (the "Fund") prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus, reports to shareholders, and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.crossingbridgefunds.com/strategic-income-fund>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 888-898-2780 or by sending an email to [contact-us@crossingbridge.com](mailto:contact-us@crossingbridge.com). The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, both dated January 28, 2025, are incorporated by reference into this summary prospectus.

### Investment Objective

The Fund seeks high current income and capital appreciation consistent with the preservation of capital.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and Example below.**

<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	<b>Institutional Class</b>	<b>Retail Class</b>
Management Fees	0.65%	0.65%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None	0.25%
Shareholder Servicing Plan Fees <sup>(1)</sup>	0.11%	0.11%
Other Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	0.15%	0.16%
Interest Expense and Dividends on Short Positions	0.15%	0.13%
<b>Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>1.06%</b>	<b>1.30%</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The Trust's Board of Trustees (the "Board of Trustees") has authorized a shareholder servicing plan fee up to 0.15% of the Fund's average daily net assets. Currently, the shareholder servicing plan fee being charged is 0.11% of the Fund's average daily net assets; however, the fee may be increased to 0.15% of the Fund's average daily net assets at any time.

(2) Other Expenses includes acquired fund fees and expenses (“AFFE”), which are indirect fees and expenses that the Fund incurs from investing in the shares of other mutual funds, including money market funds. Please note that the amount of Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement shown in the above table will differ from the Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets figures found within the “Financial Highlights” section of the Prospectus, which reflects the direct operating expenses of the Fund and does not include indirect expenses, such as AFFE.

**Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then hold or redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<u>Share Class</u>	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
Institutional Class	\$108	\$337	\$585	\$1,294
Retail Class	\$132	\$412	\$713	\$1,568

**Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions or spreads, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 116.98% of the average value of its portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies**

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in both investment grade and non-investment grade debt, preferred stock, convertible bonds (*i.e.*, debt securities that provide the Fund with a right or an obligation to exchange the debt security for a predetermined number of shares in the issuing company), bank loans, high yield bonds, mortgage- and asset-backed securities, special purpose acquisition companies (“SPACs”) and income producing equities (collectively, “Securities”) that CrossingBridge Advisors, LLC (the “Adviser”), the Fund’s investment adviser, deems appropriate for the Fund’s investment objective. The Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes) in fixed income securities and income producing equities.

The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in fixed income securities. The fixed income securities in which the Fund will invest include fixed income securities of various credit qualities (*i.e.*, investment grade and below investment grade (*i.e.*, junk bonds)) and

maturities (*i.e.*, long-term, intermediate and short-term). The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in below investment grade fixed income securities. The Fund will invest in individual fixed income securities without restriction as to duration. The Fund's investment in below investment grade fixed income securities may include distressed securities, which are fixed income securities issued by companies experiencing significant financial or business difficulties such as bankruptcy, reorganization or liquidation proceedings. The income producing equities that the Fund may invest in include those that either have a substantial dividend yield or the Adviser believes the issuing company will distribute significant assets over a certain period of time.

The Fund will invest primarily in U.S. dollar-denominated securities but may invest up to 35% of its assets in foreign fixed income securities including sovereign debt and foreign currency-denominated securities. The Fund may hedge the foreign currency exposure by investing in forward currency contracts. A forward currency contract is an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties. The Fund may also invest up to 35% of its assets in income producing equities. The Fund's investments will be diversified across individual issuers and industries. The Fund, however, will invest without restriction as to issuer credit quality, or security maturity.

Although the Adviser will take macro factors (*i.e.*, the effect of interest rates on the Fund's investments) into consideration, the Fund's portfolio construction is primarily driven by bottom-up investment analysis. This means that the Adviser looks at Securities on an individual basis to determine if a Security is an attractive investment opportunity and if it is consistent with the Fund's investment objective. The Fund's buy and sell decisions are driven by the Adviser's investment process. The Fund may hold Securities until maturity but will sell a Security when the Adviser determines a Security is no longer an attractive investment opportunity consistent with the Fund's investment objective, when a more attractive investment opportunity becomes available or to satisfy redemption requests. In addition, a Security may be purchased at a premium or discount and/or sold prior to maturity where the Adviser believes it is advantageous to do so. The Fund may invest up to 15% of the value of its total assets to effect short sales of securities, including up to 10% in short sales of exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") to hedge the portfolio if the Adviser believes it is consistent with achieving the Fund's investment objective. Other than for temporary purposes, the Fund will not borrow in order to gain leverage.

The Fund may engage in active trading of its portfolio, resulting in a high turnover rate.

There is no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives.

## **Principal Risks**

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose money by investing in the Fund**. The Fund's principal risks are presented in alphabetical order to facilitate finding particular risks and comparing them

with other funds. Each risk summarized below is considered a “principal risk” of investing in the Fund, regardless of the order in which it appears. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

*Asset-Backed and Mortgage-Backed Securities Risk.* Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities are subject to risk of prepayment. These types of securities may also decline in value because of mortgage foreclosures or defaults on the underlying obligations. Asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities are also subject to extension risk, the risk that rising interest rates could cause prepayments to decrease, extending the life of asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities with lower payment rates.

*Bank Loans Risk.* The Fund’s investments in secured and unsecured assignments and/or participations in bank loans may create substantial risk. In making investments in such loans, which are made by banks or other financial intermediaries to borrowers, the Fund will depend primarily upon the creditworthiness of the borrower for payment of principal and interest. As a result, sale proceeds related to the sale of loans may not be available to make additional investments or to meet the Fund’s redemption obligations until potentially a substantial period after the sale of the loans. The Fund, therefore, may be forced to sell other assets at a loss to pay redemption proceeds. A significant portion of bank loans may be “covenant lite” loans that may contain fewer or less restrictive constraints on the borrower and fewer or no financial maintenance covenants and restrictions. A covenant lite loan typically contains fewer clauses which allow an investor to proactively enforce financial covenants. Covenant lite loans also generally provide fewer investor protections if certain criteria are breached. The Fund may experience losses or delays in enforcing its rights on its holdings of covenant lite loans. The secondary market for bank loans is a private, unregulated inter-dealer or inter-bank resale market. Purchases and sales of loans are generally subject to contractual restrictions that must be satisfied before a loan can be bought or sold. These restrictions may impede the Fund’s ability to buy or sell loans and may negatively impact the transaction price. It may take longer than seven days for transactions in loans to settle. The Fund may hold cash, sell investments or temporarily borrow from banks to meet short-term liquidity needs due to the extended loan settlement process, such as to satisfy redemption requests from Fund shareholders. U.S. federal securities laws afford certain protections against fraud and misrepresentation in connection with the offering or sale of a security, as well as against manipulation of trading markets for securities. The typical practice of a lender in relying exclusively or primarily on reports from the borrower may involve the risk of fraud, misrepresentation, or market manipulation by the borrower. It is unclear whether U.S. federal securities law protections are available to an investment in a loan. In certain circumstances, loans may not be deemed to be securities, and in the event of fraud or misrepresentation by a borrower, lenders may not have the protection of the anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws. However, contractual provisions in the loan documents may offer some protections, and lenders may also avail themselves of common-law fraud protections under applicable state law.

*Below Investment Grade Securities Risks (commonly referred to as “junk” bonds).* The Fund may invest up to 100% of its assets in fixed income instruments that are or are deemed to be the equivalent in terms of quality to securities rated below investment grade

by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (“NRSROs”) and accordingly involve great risk. Such securities are regarded as predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal in accordance with the terms of the obligations and involve major risk to adverse conditions. These securities offer higher returns than bonds with higher ratings as compensation for holding an obligation of an issuer perceived to be less creditworthy. The market prices of such securities are also subject to abrupt and erratic market movements and above-average price volatility, and the spread between the bid and ask prices of such securities may be greater than those prevailing in other securities markets. Changes in economic conditions or developments regarding issuers of non-investment grade debt securities are more likely to cause price volatility and weaken the capacity of such issuers to make principal and interest payments than is the case for higher grade debt securities. In addition, the market for lower grade debt securities may be thinner and less active than for higher grade debt securities.

*Convertible Securities Risk.* A convertible security is a fixed income security (a debt instrument or a preferred stock) which may be converted at a stated price within a specified period of time into a certain quantity of the common stock of the same or a different issuer. The market value of a convertible security performs like that of a regular debt security, that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls.

*Credit Risk.* Debt portfolios are subject to credit risk. Credit risk refers to the likelihood that an issuer will default in the payment of principal and/or interest on an instrument. Financial strength and solvency of an issuer are the primary factors influencing credit risk. In addition, lack or inadequacy of collateral or credit enhancement for a debt instrument may affect its credit risk. Credit risk may change over the life of an instrument, and debt obligations which are rated by rating agencies are often reviewed and may be subject to downgrade.

*Cybersecurity Risk.* With the widespread use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund’s ability to calculate its NAV, impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

*Distressed Securities Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities of companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization and liquidation proceedings. Although such investments may result in significant returns to the Fund, they involve a substantial degree of risk. Any one or all of the issuers of the securities in which the Fund may invest may be unsuccessful or not show any return for a considerable period of time. The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful investment in companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is unusually high. There is no assurance that the Adviser will correctly evaluate the value of the assets

collateralizing the Fund's loans or the prospects for a successful reorganization or similar action. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a company in which the Fund invests, the Fund may lose its entire investment or may be required to accept cash or securities with a value less than the Fund's original investment. Under such circumstances, the returns generated from the Fund's investments in distressed securities may not adequately compensate for the risks assumed. In addition, there is no minimum credit standard that is a prerequisite to the Fund's investment in any instrument, and a significant portion of the obligations and preferred stock in which the Fund invests may be less than investment grade.

*Equity Securities Risk.* The Fund may invest in income producing equity securities. Although investments in income producing equity securities are considered safer than equity securities in general, and equities historically have been a leading choice for long-term investors, the values of stocks rise and fall depending on many factors. The stock or other security of a company may not perform as well as expected, and may decrease in value, because of factors related to the company (such as poorer than expected earnings or certain management decisions) or to the industry in which the company is engaged (such as a reduction in the demand for products or services in a particular industry). Market and economic factors may adversely affect securities markets generally, which could in turn adversely affect the value of the Fund's investments, regardless of the performance or expected performance of companies in which the Fund invests.

*Fixed Income Securities Market Risk.* Difficult conditions in the broader financial markets have in the past resulted in a temporary but significant contraction in liquidity for fixed income securities. Liquidity relates to the ability of the Fund to sell its investments in a timely manner at a price approximately equal to its value on the Fund's books. To the extent that the market for fixed income securities suffers such a contraction, securities that were considered liquid at the time of investment could become temporarily illiquid, and the Adviser may experience delays or difficulty in selling assets at the prices at which the Fund carries such assets, which may result in a loss to the Fund. There is no way to predict reliably when such market conditions could re-occur or how long such conditions could persist.

In the event of a severe market contraction precipitated by general market turmoil, economic conditions, changes in prevailing interest rates or otherwise, coupled with extraordinary levels of Fund shareholder redemption requests, the Fund may have to consider selling its holdings at a loss including at prices below the current value on the Fund's books, borrowing money to satisfy redemption requests in accordance with the Fund's borrowing policy or postponing payment of redemption requests for up to seven days or longer, as permitted by applicable law, or other extraordinary measures. In addition, if the Fund needed to sell large blocks of investments to meet shareholder redemption requests or to raise cash, those sales could further reduce prices, particularly for lower-rated and unrated securities.

In 2022 and 2023, the Federal Reserve increased interest rates in an effort to combat inflation which has resulted in periods of volatility. Additional interest rate changes may have adverse effects on investment, volatility and liquidity in the market for fixed income

securities. In general, the market price of fixed income securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities.

***Fixed Income Securities Risk.*** The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in fixed income securities. Fixed income securities are subject to credit risk and market risk, including interest rate risk. Credit risk is the risk of the issuer's inability to meet its principal and interest payment obligations. Market risk is the risk of price volatility due to such factors as interest rate sensitivity, market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer and general market liquidity. There is no limitation on the maturities of fixed income securities in which the Fund invests. Securities having longer maturities generally involve greater risk of fluctuations in value resulting from changes in interest rates.

***Foreign Investments Risk.*** Investments in fixed income securities and instruments that are linked to fixed income securities (collectively, "Credit-Related Instruments") of foreign issuers involve certain risks not generally associated with investments in the securities of U.S. issuers, including changes in currency exchange rates, unstable political, social and economic conditions, a lack of adequate or accurate company information, differences in the way securities markets operate, less secure international banks or securities depositories than those in the U.S. and foreign controls on investment. In addition, individual international country economies may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in such respects as growth of gross domestic product, rates of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources, self-sufficiency and balance of payments position. Income earned on foreign investments may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.

***Forward Currency Contracts Risk.*** The Fund may enter into forward currency contracts. A forward currency contract is an obligation to purchase or sell a specific currency at a future date, which may be any fixed number of days from the date of the contract agreed upon by the parties, at a price set at the time of the contract. For example, the Fund might purchase a particular currency or enter into a forward currency contract to preserve the U.S. dollar price of securities it intends to or has contracted to purchase. Alternatively, it might sell a particular currency on either a spot or forward basis to hedge against an anticipated decline in the dollar value of securities it intends to or has contracted to sell. Although this strategy could minimize the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged currency, it could also limit any potential gain from an increase in the value of the currency.

***General Market Risk.*** Certain securities selected for the Fund's portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time.

***High Portfolio Turnover Rate Risk.*** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance.



***Illiquid Investments Risk.*** Illiquid investments include any investment that the Fund reasonably expects cannot be sold or disposed of in current market conditions in seven calendar days or less without the sale or dispositions significantly changing the market value of the investment, and include repurchase agreements maturing in more than seven days. The Fund's investments in certain types of fixed income securities such as bank loans, mortgage-backed securities and below investment grade fixed income securities could have the effect of increasing the amount of the Fund's assets invested in illiquid investments if market conditions develop that make such investments difficult to sell. Liquidity risk may be higher in a rising interest rate environment, when the value and liquidity of fixed income securities generally decline. Illiquid investments involve the risk that the securities will not be able to be sold at the time desired by the Adviser or at prices approximating the value at which the Fund is carrying the securities.

***Interest Rate Risk.*** The prices of securities in general and fixed income securities in particular tend to be sensitive to interest rate fluctuations. Increases in interest rates can result in significant declines in the prices of fixed income securities. Securities with floating interest rates generally are less sensitive to interest rate changes but may decline in value if their interest rates do not rise as much, or as quickly, as interest rates in general. The negative impact on fixed income securities generally from rate increases, regardless of the cause, could be swift and significant, which could result in losses by the Fund, even if anticipated by the Adviser.

***Management Risk.*** Investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.

***Preferred Stock Risk.*** Preferred stocks may be more volatile than fixed income securities and are more correlated with the issuer's underlying common stock than fixed income securities. Additionally, the dividend on a preferred stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.

***Recent Market Events Risk.*** U.S. and international markets have experienced and may continue to experience significant periods of volatility in recent years and months due to a number of economic, political and global macro factors including uncertainty regarding inflation and central banks' interest rate changes, the possibility of a national or global recession, trade tensions, political events, the war between Russia and Ukraine, and armed conflict between Israel and Hamas in the Middle East. As a result of continuing political tensions and armed conflicts, including the war between Ukraine and Russia, the U.S. and the European Union imposed sanctions on certain Russian individuals and companies, including certain financial institutions, and have limited certain exports and imports to and from Russia. The war has contributed to recent market volatility and may continue to do so. Continuing market volatility as a result of recent market conditions or other events may have an adverse effect on the performance of the Fund.

***Short Sales Risk.*** A short sale is the sale by the Fund of a security which it does not own in anticipation of purchasing the same security in the future at a lower price to close the short position. A short sale will be successful if the price of the shorted security decreases. However, if the underlying security goes up in price during the period in

which the short position is outstanding, the Fund will realize a loss. The risk on a short sale is unlimited because the Fund must buy the shorted security at the higher price to complete the transaction. Therefore, short sales may be subject to greater risks than investments in long positions. With a long position, the maximum sustainable loss is limited to the amount paid for the security plus the transaction costs, whereas there is no maximum attainable price of the shorted security. The Fund would also incur increased transaction costs associated with selling securities short. In addition, if the Fund sells securities short, it must maintain a segregated account with its custodian containing cash or high-grade securities equal to (i) the greater of the current market value of the securities sold short or the market value of such securities at the time they were sold short, less (ii) any collateral deposited with the Fund's broker (not including the proceeds from the short sales).

***Sovereign Debt Risk.*** The Fund may invest in securities issued or guaranteed by foreign governmental entities (known as sovereign debt securities). These investments are subject to the risk of payment delays or defaults, due, for example, to cash flow problems, insufficient foreign currency reserves, political considerations, large debt positions relative to the country's economy, or failure to implement economic reforms. There is no legal or bankruptcy process for collecting sovereign debt.

***SPACs Risk.*** The Fund invests in equity securities of SPACs, which raise assets to seek potential business combination opportunities. Unless and until a business combination is completed, a SPAC generally invests its assets in U.S. government securities, money market securities, and cash. Because SPACs have no operating history or ongoing business other than seeking a business combination, the value of their securities is particularly dependent on the ability of the entity's management to identify and complete a profitable business combination. There is no guarantee that the SPACs in which the Fund invests will complete a business combination or that any business combination that is completed will be profitable. The market perception of a SPAC's ability to complete a business combination could materially impact the market value of the SPAC's securities. Public stockholders of SPACs may not be afforded a meaningful opportunity to vote on a proposed initial business combination because certain stockholders, including stockholders affiliated with the management of the SPAC, may have sufficient voting power, and a financial incentive, to approve such a transaction without support from public stockholders. As a result, a SPAC may complete a business combination even though a majority of its public stockholders do not support such a combination. Some SPACs may pursue a business combination only within certain industries or regions, which may increase the volatility of their prices.

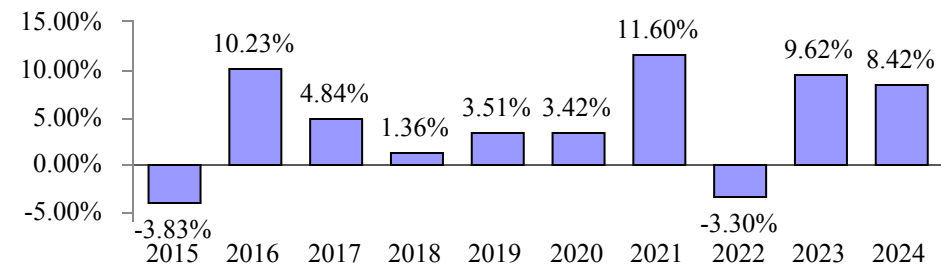
## **Performance**

The bar chart demonstrates some of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Class shares. The Average Annual Total Returns table also demonstrates these risks by showing how average annual returns for the Fund's Institutional Class and Retail Class shares for the one year, five year, and ten year periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance, as well as three additional indices provided to show perspective on

the market for fixed income securities.

Effective on May 12, 2023, the RiverPark Strategic Income Fund, a series of RiverPark Funds Trust (the “Predecessor Fund”) reorganized into the Fund, a newly-created series of the Trust (the “Reorganization”). For periods prior to the Reorganization, the performance figures for Institutional Class and Retail Class shares reflect the historical performance of the Institutional Class and Retail Class shares, respectively, of the Predecessor Fund. The Fund has adopted the performance and financial history of the Predecessor Fund. The Fund’s past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund’s website at [www.crossingbridgefunds.com](http://www.crossingbridgefunds.com) or by calling the Fund toll-free at 888-898-2780.

**Calendar Year Returns as of December 31\***



\* The returns shown in the bar chart are for Institutional Class shares of the Fund. Retail Class shares would have substantially similar annual returns because the shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes do not have the same expenses. Performance for Retail Class shares would be lower as expenses for Retail Class shares are higher.

During the period shown in the bar chart, the best performance for a quarter for the Fund’s Institutional Class shares was 9.83% (for the quarter ended June 30, 2020) and the worst performance for a quarter for the Fund’s Institutional Class shares was -12.86% (for the quarter ended March 31, 2020).

**Average Annual Total Returns**  
(for the periods ended December 31, 2024)

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Five Year</b>	<b>Ten Year</b>
<b>Institutional Class Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	8.42%	5.81%	4.46%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.12%	3.06%	1.96%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sales of Fund Shares	4.94%	3.25%	2.26%
<b>Retail Class Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	8.15%	5.60%	4.21%
<b>Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	1.25%	-0.33%	1.35%
<b>ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Total Return Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	8.20%	4.04%	5.08%
<b>ICE BofA 3-7 Year U.S. Treasury Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	1.94%	0.18%	1.23%
<b>ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Bond Index</b> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	2.76%	0.48%	2.52%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred or other tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"). The after-tax returns are shown for Institutional Class shares only and after-tax returns for Retail Class shares will vary.

In certain cases, the figure representing "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax benefit to the investor.

## Management

**Investment Adviser.** CrossingBridge Advisors, LLC, located at 427 Bedford Road, Suite 220, Pleasantville, New York, 10570, is the Fund's investment adviser.

**Portfolio Managers.** David K. Sherman, Chief Investment Officer ("CIO") of the Adviser, has served as a Portfolio Manager of the Fund since its inception in 2013. Spencer Rolfe, Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has served as a Portfolio Manager of the Fund since 2025. Previously, Mr. Rolfe had served as the Assistant Portfolio Manager of the Fund since 2023.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may conduct transactions (share purchases or redemptions) via written request by mail (CrossingBridge Funds, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701), by wire transaction, or by contacting the Funds by

telephone at 888-898-2780, on any day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for trading. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. Minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below.

Share Purchase Amounts	Institutional Class	Retail Class
Minimum Initial Investment – All Accounts	\$0 for certain institutional investors as described under “Minimum Investment Amounts”; \$5,000 for all other investors	\$2,500
Minimum Subsequent Investment	None	None
Automatic Investment Plan	\$1,000	\$100

**Tax Information**

Each Fund’s distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or long-term capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. You may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from tax-deferred arrangements.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer, or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Funds and their related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Funds over other investments. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.